- (II) "CREDIT LIFE INSURANCE" DOES NOT INCLUDE LIFE INSURANCE PAYABLE TO A BENEFICIARY DESIGNATED BY THE BORROWER OTHER THAN THE OBLIGEE OF A SPECIFIC LOAN OR CREDIT TRANSACTION.
- $\underline{(6)}$ "MORTGAGE LOAN" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 11–501 OF THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ARTICLE.
- $\underline{(7)}$ "PREMIUM" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 1–101 OF THE INSURANCE ARTICLE.
- (8) "SINGLE PREMIUM COVERAGE" MEANS INSURANCE FOR WHICH THE TOTAL PREMIUM IS PAYABLE IN ONE LUMP SUM AT OR BEFORE THE TIME COVERAGE COMMENCES.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of this section, a lender may collect from the borrower, at the option of the borrower, the premiums paid for:
- (1) Insurance covering any real or personal property pledged as security for the loan;
- (2) [Accident and] CREDIT health insurance covering any one or more borrowers, if the insurance does not provide for benefits exceeding the actual period of disability;
 - (3) Credit life insurance:
- (i) Covering any one borrower for any loan under \$700 in value or amount; or
- (ii) Covering any one or more borrowers for any loan of \$700 or more in value or amount; and
- (4) [Involuntary] CREDIT INVOLUNTARY unemployment benefit insurance covering any one borrower, if the insurance:
- (i) Does not provide for benefits exceeding the actual period of unemployment; and
- (ii) Is not contingent upon the purchase of any other type of insurance permitted under this subtitle.
- [(b)](C) (1) A lender may not require that the insurance be purchased through a particular insurance producer or insurance company.
 - (2) The lender may:
- (i) Assist an applicant or act with the applicant in forwarding an application to an insurance producer; and
- (ii) Receive and transmit premiums or other identifiable charges for the insurance.